# Getting Started with the



A preliminary guide to playing and creating:

- Patterns
- •Songs
- Drum Kits

Open this first to start playing immediately...





## A preliminary guide

#### **GETTING STARTED WITH THE SR-16**

The SR-16 can be used on many levels, from simply playing preset Patterns to creating your own complex polyrhythms in odd time signatures. As a result, there are two manuals.

This mini-manual will acquaint you with a few of the SR-16's most important functions. Many musicians will only need to know as much about the SR-16 as is presented in this manual. The Reference Manual is a complete self-teaching course that explains every aspect of the SR-16. Please read the reference manual at some point to understand just how much power there is in this deceptively simple-looking little box.

First, here are a few basic facts about the SR-16.

#### **BUTTONS AND WINDOWS**

The Up/Down arrow buttons (to the right of the 0 and 5 number buttons) increase or decrease values respectively. Press only one button at a time.

The display has several "windows" that inform you of the SR-16's status. If the instructions mention that a particular word should or should not show up in a particular window, check the window to see which is the case before proceeding.

#### WHAT THE THREE MODE BUTTONS DO

There are three mode buttons that select basic operational modes. These buttons toggle between the two options (press for one option, press again for the other option).

PRESET/USER: This selects between two banks of drum sets and rhythm Patterns, **Preset** and User. Preset drum sets and rhythm Patterns are permanently etched into the SR-16's little silicon brain and cannot be altered. User drum sets and rhythm Patterns can be programmed, erased, and otherwise edited by the user.

PATTERN/SONG: In Pattern Mode, you can play back (and with User Patterns, record) individual rhythm Patterns. These are usually fairly short—say, 4 to 16 beats—and form the basic elements of a Song. In Song mode you create a "playlist" of Patterns, which plays various Patterns in the desired order.

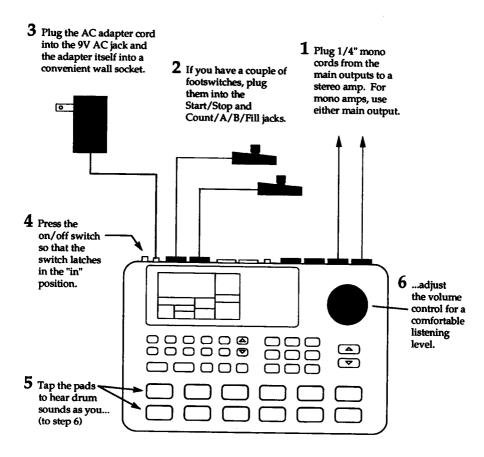
PERFORM/COMPOSE: In the case of either Pattern or Song mode, Perform mode is designed for playback, and Compose for recording.

#### DON'T PANIC!

If you're stuck in a situation and you don't know how to get out of it, press the STOP button.

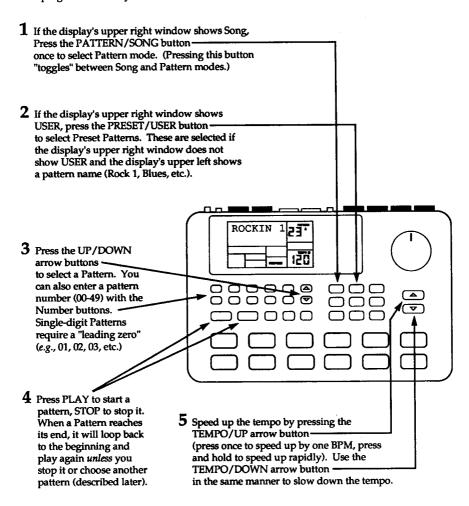
## Hook It Up!

As you hook up the SR-16, the volume control on your power amp and the SR-16 should be all the way down, and power to both units should be off.



### **Check Out Some Patterns**

The SR-16 has a library of preset patterns for all kinds of music—rock, blues, reggae, fusion, R&B, rap, country, even polka. Many musicians will find the grooves they need here and will not have to worry about programming their own programs until they become more familiar with the SR-16.

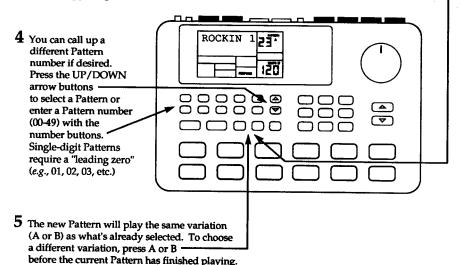


## Playing Sequences of Patterns

Each Pattern number, Preset and User, includes A and B "sub-Patterns." The Preset A and B variations complement each other. For example, in a Rock Pattern, A could play the verse, and B the chorus. In fact, you may construct many songs just by switching back and forth between the A and B variations. You're not limited to using A and B variations of a particular Pattern number; you can also call up other Pattern numbers, and their A and B variations, which will play as soon as the current Pattern has played through.

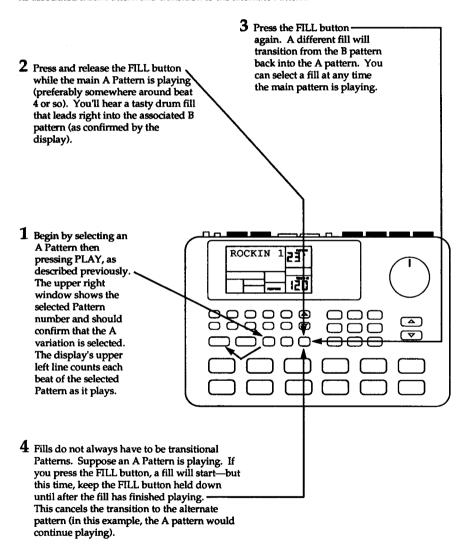
- Begin by selecting a Pattern and pressing PLAY, as described on the previous page. The upper right window shows the selected Pattern number and whether the A or B variation is selected. The display's upper left line normally counts each beat of the selected Pattern as it plays.
- 3 Experiment with switching between the A and B variations. Listen to how the patterns sound, and observe how the display keeps you informed of what's happening.
- 2 If an A Pattern is playing, press the B button (or press A if a B Pattern is playing).

  The alternate Pattern will begin playing as soon as the currently-selected Pattern reaches its end. Until that happens, the display will show the name of the Pattern you selected (e.g., NEXT PATT01B). After an alternate Pattern kicks in, the display's upper right window will show the Pattern number and whether it is the A or B variation.



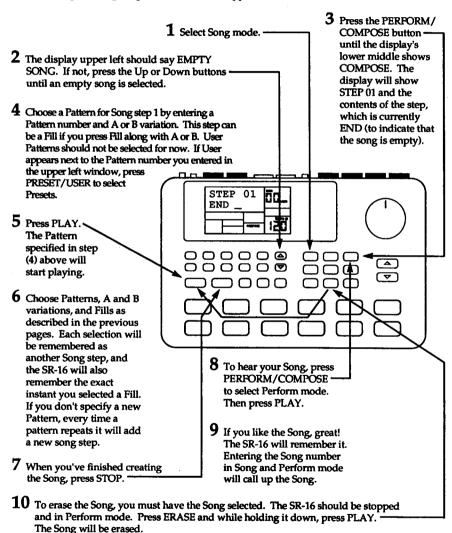
#### **Fun With Fills**

Each A and B variation also includes associated Fill Patterns, which can play expressive transitions between the A and B variations. You can push a button to have a Fill take over from its associated main Pattern and transition to the alternate Pattern.



## Create and Erase a Song

The SR-16 can remember the order in which you selected Patterns, which variations were selected, and when you selected fills. Recording this information in the SR-16's Song mode creates a complete Song. Begin with the SR-16 stopped.



#### **Footswitch Control**

Now that we have the basics down, let's investigate some live performance options using footswitch control. This is particularly useful if you're playing along with Patterns and Songs on the pads and can't use your hands to punch buttons.

As shown under *Hook It Up!*, there are two jacks for footswitches (Start/Stop and Count/A/B/Fill). Always plug these footswitches in *before* turning on power. Either normally open or normally closed types (the two most common footswitch types) can be used; the SR-16 determines which kind is in use during power-up.

Here's how to use the footswitches.

#### **Set Tempo**

The SR-16 must be stopped. Before playing a Song or Pattern, tap the Count/A/B/Fill jack footswitch several times at the desired tempo. The SR-16 will average the time between taps and derive a tempo, the display will update the tempo with each tap. Tapping the STOP button accomplishes the same result as tapping the Count/A/B/Fill footswitch.

## Start a Song or Pattern

When the SR-16 is stopped, pressing the Start/Stop footswitch is equivalent to pressing PLAY. When the SR-16 is running, pressing the Start/Stop footswitch is equivalent to pressing STOP.

## Initiate a Fill When Playing Patterns

In Perform mode, the Count/A/B/Fill footswitch duplicates the FILL button function when playing Patterns.

### Cancel a Transition From A to B, or B to A, Patterns

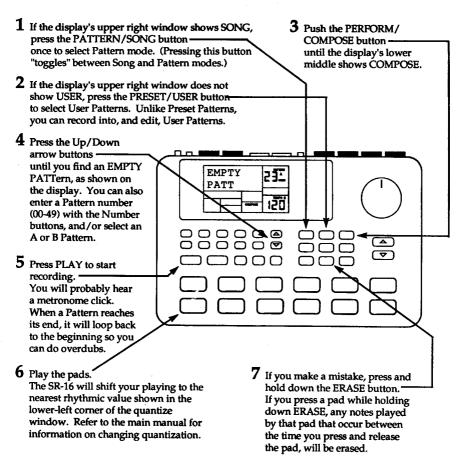
When you initiate a Fill, an A Pattern will transition to a B pattern (or vice-versa) when the Fill has finished playing. However, you can cancel this transition if desired. We've already explained how to do this with the front panel FILL button. However, you can also use the Count/A/B/Fill footswitch. If you press the footswitch before the fill has finished playing and hold it down until after the fill has played (i.e, past the downbeat of the next Pattern), the SR-16 will return to the original MainA or B Pattern.

## Extend a Song Step When Playing Back a Song

In Song Perform mode (i.e, during song playback), pressing and holding the Count/A/B/Fill footswitch until past the end of a Song Step will cause that step to repeat. This is great if the soloist wants to take a few more bars.

#### Record a Pattern

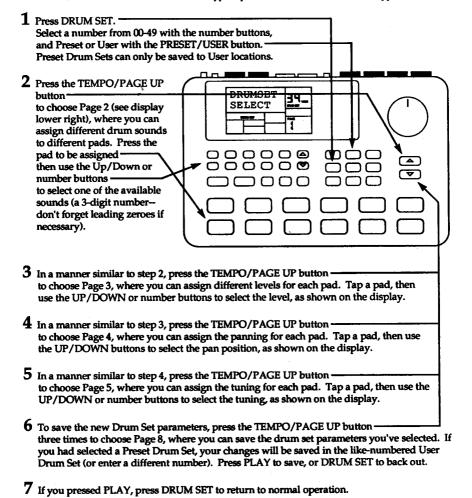
The SR-16 offers very flexible and musical recording options. This just gives a taste of what's available—be sure to check out the reference manual for more information.



8 Don't forget that you can play difficult passages by slowing down the tempo, playing the part, then speeding back up again.

#### Create a Drum Set

This is an example of a function with multiple pages. The SR-16 has 50 Preset and 50 editable User Drum Sets (groups of sounds) which can be assigned to any of the 100 Patterns. After pressing the DRUM SET button, each press of the TEMPO/PAGE UP button selects a different kind of parameter (drum sound, tuning, volume, etc.) Tap the pad to be edited, then enter the new parameter value with the UP/DOWN, arrow, or number buttons. To edit more pads, tap another pad and enter a new value. After editing the pad(s), press the TEMPO/PAGE UP button to access the next type of parameter. The SR-16 should be stopped.

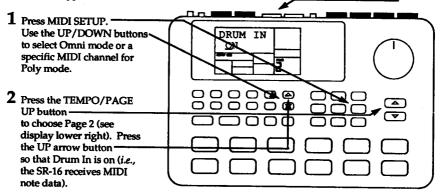


## Use the SR-16 as an Expander Module

(Note: This tutorial requires some knowledge of MIDI. See the MIDI supplement in the reference manual if you need to know more about MIDI.)

Those with electronic drum pads or a sequencer can use the SR-16 as a tone module, where different drums will sound in response to different MIDI notes received at the SR-16's MIDI in. You must run a MIDI cable from the sequencer or electronic drum set's MIDI out to the SR-16's MIDI in.

The SR-16 has a special "expander module" mode that assigns a specific MIDI note to each pad of a set of 10 User Drum Sets. The chart in section 6.9 of the reference manual shows which MIDI note triggers which pad of which Drum Set. Assign sounds to each pad of these drum sets as described in the previous page. The SR-16 should be stopped.



- 3 In a manner similar to step 2, press the TEMPO/PAGE UP BUTTON three times to choose Page 5. Press the Down Arrow button so that the Clock In is Off (i.e., the SR-16 ignores MIDI synchronization data).
- 4 In a manner similar to step 3, press the TEMPO/PAGE UP BUTTON three times to choose Page 8. Press the Down Arrow button so that the Prg Chng is Off (i.e., the SR-16 ignores MIDI program change data).
- 5 In a manner similar to step 4, press the TEMPO/PAGE UP BUTTON to choose Page 9. Press the Up Arrow button so that the Note Map shows D00-09, D10-19, etc.
- 6 The SR-16 is now set up as an expander module. Press MIDI SETUP again to exit MIDI setup mode and return to normal operation.